EXHIBIT A

AO 88A (Rev. 02/14) Subpoena to Testify at a Deposition in a Civil Action

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

ט	istrict of Arizona
John Hurry et al. Plaintiff V. Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. Defendant)) Civil Action No. 14-cv-02490-PHX-ROS))
SUBPOENA TO TESTIFY.	AT A DEPOSITION IN A CIVIL ACTION
To: 90 Village	William Meagher e Circle, San Rafael, CA 94903
	rson to whom this subpoena is directed)
or managing agents, or designate other persons who those set forth in an attachment: Place: ESQUIRE DEPOSITION SOLUTIONS, LLC 44 MONTGOMERY STREET, SUITE 1100	appear at the time, date, and place set forth below to testify at a an organization, you must designate one or more officers, directors, consent to testify on your behalf about the following matters, or Date and Time: 03/01/2017 9:00 am
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94104	03/01/2017 9.00 am
The deposition will be recorded by this meth-	od: VIDEOTAPE AND STENOGRAPHER
material: SEE EXHIBIT A The following provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 4	ust also bring with you to the deposition the following documents, and must permit inspection, copying, testing, or sampling of the 5 are attached – Rule 45(c), relating to the place of compliance;
Rule 45(d), relating to your protection as a person sub respond to this subpoena and the potential consequen	Diect to a supposens, and Rule 45(s) and (a) relating to your duty to
Date: 02/14/2017 CLERK OF COURT	OR OR
Signature of Clerk or Dep	outy Clerk Attorney's signature
The name, address, e-mail address, and telephone num	
ordan Susman, Esq., Harder Mirell & Abrams LLP, 13	2 S. Rodeo Dr., 4th Fl., Beverly Hills, CA 90212
Notice to the person will this subpoena commands the production of docume	ho issues or requests this subpoens nts, electronically stored information, or tangible things before red on each party in this case before it is served on the person to

whom it is directed. Fed. R. Civ. P. 45(a)(4).

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Civil Action No. 14-cv-02490-PHX-ROS

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 45.)

				• •
☐ I served the s	ubpoena by delivering a copy to the na	med individual as follows	a:	
		on (date)	; or	
☐ 1 returned the	subpoena unexecuted because:			
Unless the subpotendered to the w	ena was issued on behalf of the United itness the fees for one day's attendance	States, or one of its office, and the mileage allowe	ers or agents. I l	neve sico
y fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for	a total of \$	0.00
I declare under p	enalty of perjury that this information is	s true.		
te:	_			
		Server's signatu	re	
		Driveted name and		
		Printed name and	title	
		Printed name and s Server's address		-

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc.:

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Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45 (c), (d), (e), and (g) (Effective 12/1/13)

(c) Place of Compliance.

(1) For a Trial, Hearing, or Deposition. A subpoena may command a person to attend a trial, hearing, or deposition only as follows:

(A) within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; or

(B) within the state where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person, if the person

(i) is a party or a party's officer; or

(ii) is commanded to attend a trial and would not incur substantial

(2) For Other Discovery. A subpoens may command:

(A) production of documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things at a place within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; and

(B) inspection of premises at the premises to be inspected.

(d) Protecting a Person Subject to a Subpoena; Enforcement.

(1) Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions. A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoens. The court for the district where compliance is required must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction-which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees—on a party or attorney who fails to comply.

(2) Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.

(A) Appearance Not Required. A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.

(B) Objections. A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing, or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises—or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:

(i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the court for the district where compliance is required for an

order compelling production or inspection.

(ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.

(3) Quashing or Modifying a Subpoena.

- (A) When Required. On timely motion, the court for the district where compliance is required must quash or modify a subpoena that:
 - (i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;

(ti) requires a person to comply beyond the geographical limits specified in Rule 45(c);

(iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or

(iv) subjects a person to undue burden.

(B) When Permitted. To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the court for the district where compliance is required may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoent if it requires:

(i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information; or

(ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's

study that was not requested by a party.

(C) Specifying Conditions as an Alternative. In the circumstances described in Rule 45(d)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:
(i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be

otherwise met without undue hardship; and

(ii) ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated,

(e) Duties in Responding to a Subpoena.

(1) Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information. These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:

(A) Documents. A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.

(B) Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified. If a subpoena does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.

(C) Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form. The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored

information in more than one form.

(D) Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information. The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.

(2) Claiming Privilege or Protection.
(A) Information Withheld. A person withholding subpocuaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must:

(i) expressly make the claim; and

(ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.

(B) Information Produced. If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information under seal to the court for the district where compliance is required for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved

(g) Contempt.

The court for the district where compliance is required—and also, after a motion is transferred, the issuing court-may hold in contempt a person who, having been served, fails without adequate excuse to obey the subpoens or an order related to it.

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EXHIBIT A

DEFINITIONS

As used in this subpoena:

- 1. YOU shall mean William Meagher as well as any agents, attorneys and consultants therefor, and all other persons acting or purporting to act on your behalf;
- 2. PLAINTIFFS shall mean Plaintiffs John and Justine Hurry, Scottsdale Capital Advisors Partners LLC ("SCA") and Alpine Securities Corporation ("Alpine"), SCA and Alpine's parent companies, subsidiaries, affiliated companies, and all of their members, shareholders, managers, executives, officers, board members, employees, agents, representatives, attorneys, and all persons acting on their behalf; and
- 3. WRITINGS shall mean letters, words, numbers, or their equivalent set down in any form;

DOCUMENTS TO BE PRODUCED

- 1. All WRITINGS constituting communications between YOU, and any source of information related to PLAINTIFFS, for the story entitled "Finra targets offshore firms in pump-and-dumps", dated September 17, 2013.
- 2. All WRITINGS constituting communications between YOU, and any source of information related to PLAINTIFFS, for the story entitled "FBI, securities officials investigating Scottsdale Capital, Alpine Securities, source says", dated December 6, 2013.
- 3. All WRITINGS constituting communications between YOU, and any source of information related to PLAINTIFFS, for the story entitled "SEC requests default judgment in \$34M Biozoom pump-and-dump case", dated March 20, 2014.
- 4. All WRITINGS constituting communications between YOU, and any source of information related to PLAINTIFFS, for the story entitled "Finra focusing on money laundering violations", dated April 16, 2014.